### "3+3+4" Symposium on General Education

# **Teaching of Science in GE**

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### **Team Members**



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# Outline

- Introduction
- Findings on instructors' and students' views
- Recommendations
- Experience Sharing

### **The Core Courses**

Arts and Humanities	9 credits
Social Analysis	9 credits
Science and Technology	6 credits
Quantitative Reasoning*	3 credits
English Communication*	6 credits
Chinese Communication*	3 credits
Total credits	36 credits

- \* Must be taken in Year 1
- \*\* To be determined

### **Development of Science General Education**

- A spectrum of general education courses have been developed under the School of Science over the past years
  - 2007/08 Fall: 7 courses, about 1,060 students
  - 2007/08 Spring: 9 courses, about 860 students

 More general education courses may be required for the 334 educational reform

### **General Education Courses under School of Science**

- 2007-08 Fall (7 courses, about 1,060 students)
  - Biology of Human Health (259)
  - BISC 003 Environmental Science (408)
  - BISC 103 Nature of Biochemistry and Biotechnology (40)

– PHYS 002

– PHYS 006

- CHEM 001 Introductory Chemistry (78)
- MATH 106 Multivariable Calculus and Basic Probability (77)
  - Introduction to Astrophysics and Astronomy (132)
  - Energy and Related Environmental Issues (62)

### **General Education Courses under School of Science**

- 2007-08 Spring (9 courses, about 860 students)
  - BISC 001 Appreciation of Biological Sciences (78)
  - BISC 006 Environmental Conservation and Public Health in Hong Kong (192)

General Chemistry (63)

- CHEM 100
- MATH 106
  - (161)
- MATH 161
- PHYS 002
- PHYS 006
- PHYS 007
- SCIE 003A

- Mathematics in Civilization (29) Introduction to Astrophysics and Astronomy
  - (103)

Multivariable Calculus and Basic Probability

- Energy and Related Environmental Issues (133)
- Physical Phenomena in Everyday Life (44)
- Gastronomy (60)

# Student Survey (Fall 07-Spring 08)

Objective: To collect students' opinions for the **improvement** and **overall planning** of general education courses under the School of Science.

# **Findings of Pre-study Questionnaire**

# **Pre-Study Questionnaire – Findings (1)**

#### Students' Expectations from Science General Education (Pre-study)



# Pre-Study Questionnaire – Findings (1) (Cont'd)

# The most important expectations from Science general education:

- Gaining knowledge on and becoming more aware of real-life issues/application of science
- Relating science to daily life/in decision making process
- Developing skills for life-long learning
- Achieving better observation skills

Increase in expectation

**Pre-Study Questionnaire – Findings (2)** 

Students' preference among various interactive teaching methodologies:

- 1. Demonstrations
- 2. Experiments
- 3. Field visits
- 4. Discussions
- 5. Projects

More preferable

# **Pre-Study Questionnaire – Findings (3)**

#### Key Criteria for Students to Select General Education Courses

The course satisfies my	<u>curiosity</u> .	-						]	
The course materials are interesting (ente	<u>rtaining)</u> .								
The course gives students goo	od grades.								
The course materials are easy to con	nprehend.	-							
The course is relevant to applications i situations.	in real-life	-							
The course fulfills the general education req	<u>uirement</u> .	-							
The course has relatively light	workload.						]		
To acquire knowledge outside the scope of r	ny <u>major</u> .								
The course is intellectually cha	allenging.	-							
The course offers knowledge relevant to	my major.	-							
Spring 08 Pre-study (N=193-194)	Leas	ant	 3	Level	of Imp	ortance	۲ E		Most Most

# **Pre-Study Questionnaire – Findings (4)**

- 'Year 0' students had more enthusiasm, better learning attitudes, and higher expectations from Science general education. They had the highest expectation in all the studied aspects.
- There is a progressive increase of concern for good grades from Year 0 to Year 3.

### Pre-Study Questionnaire – Findings (4) (Cont'd)

Students' expectation on achieving an enhanced ability in critical and independent thinking from the courses.



# **Findings of Post-study Questionnaire**

### **Post-Study Questionnaire – Findings(1)**

Students' expectations (pre-study) and their opinions on how well the courses have met their expectations (post-study) are in parallel:



■ Post-study: 07/08 Fall (N=266-267) & Spring (N=60)

# **Post-Study Questionnaire – Findings(2)**

Students' preference (pre-study) and the ranking of effectiveness (post-study) of the following interactive teaching methodologies are the same:

- 1. Demonstrations
- 2. Experiments
- 3. Field visits
- 4. Discussions
- 5. Projects

More preferred/ Increasingly effective

# **Recommendations**

# **Considerations of Students' Views (1)**

#### • Their selection criteria:

That course materials are <u>interesting</u> (entertaining) and satisfy their <u>curiosity</u> remained the top criterion in students' selection of courses.

This is even more important than light workload and good grades.

#### • Emphases on life experience:

Students expected that they could be most benefited by gaining ability to relate science to <u>daily life</u>, becoming more aware of <u>real-life issues</u>, and <u>applications of science</u>

# **Considerations of Students' Views (2)**

### • The Role of Lively teaching methods

Demonstrations > Experiments > Field Visits > Discussions > Projects)

### • Year effect

Year 0 students have the highest enthusiasm and expectation, better learning attitudes, and least concern for workload.

There is a progressive increase of concern for good grades from Year 0 to Year 3.

# **Considerations of Instructors' Views (1)**

It is a myth that students welcome courses with only light workload and good grades.

Instructors' efforts to increase the interest of their courses should pay off.

However, instructors should balance between course <u>content</u> and elements of <u>interest</u>; this should be determined from the intended learning outcomes conceived in the design of the course.

### **Considerations of Instructors' Views**

Instructors can make good use of the general observation that <u>life experience</u> is a good starting point of student learning.

On the other hand, instructors should have a balance between <u>life experience</u> and <u>concepts and systematic expositions</u>.

Some of the more conceptual and systematic objectives can be achieved outside lectures (e.g. projects).

# Development of the Gastronomy Course: Experience Sharing

### Hong Kong Students like eating and cooking!



### Hong Kong Students like ice cream!



### **Sharing of our experience**

Key factors:

### **Good preparation**

- Student helper (paid or coupled with an independent study)
- Dedicated teaching assistant with relevant background
- Ourselves

#### Resources

- Time, at least nine months (free)
- Space for our development (and storage)
- Facilities (hardware)
- We pray & somebody prays for us (free)
- Funding (somebody pays, not free)

### **Sharing of our experience**

**Key factors:** 

- Test run, pilot test, its scale
- Gather feedback instantly and at the end of sessions
- Constantly modifying the course to fit the need
- It takes three to four rounds before you feel comfortable that you have found the right level of tuning. (we are just at round 2.)

# How students associate Science Knowledge after taking the course SCIE003A?

After taking SCIE003A Gastronomy, students became more aware of the scientific components in their daily experience.



### The take home message is

# Start early - 2012 is just around the corner!

# The end Thank you very much!